



INDIAN SCHOOL NIZWA - WORKSHEET

ENGLISH WORKSHEET NO - 2

Name: _____

Date: _____

Class: V Sec: ____

Can/Cannot

Can is a modal verb.

Can is used to express **ability** or to say that something is **possible**.

Can is the same for all subjects. We don't add an 'S' in the third person (like other verbs)

The verb that comes after **Can** is in the infinitive without **to**:

- I **can** *speak* Spanish. (= it is possible for me to speak Spanish = I have the ability to speak Spanish)
- He **can** *swim* well.
- We **can** *see* our neighbour in the garden.
- They **can** *play* the guitar.

Negative

To form the negative we add "**not**" after **can** to form one word: **cannot**.

We can also contract the negative to form **can't**. (can't = cannot)

- I **cannot** *play* the piano. We **can't** *go* to the cinema tonight.
- She **cannot** *speak* French very well. He **can't** *drive* a car.

Choose the correct answer (can or can't)

1. I _____ come to the party. I am really busy.
2. We _____ hear you. The music is so loud.
3. Where are my keys? I _____ find them.
4. I _____ believe it. We won two million dollars.
5. We _____ meet tomorrow if you want.
6. _____ make me a cup of tea, please?
7. He _____ jump. His leg hurt so much.
8. Illiterate people _____ read and write.
9. Fish _____ swim.
10. I _____ speak French. I picked it up while I was in France.

II Fill in the correct form of the words in brackets (comparative or superlative).

1. My house is (big) _____ than yours.
- 2 This flower is (beautiful) _____ than that one.



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3. This is the (interesting)_____ book I have ever read.
4. Non-smokers usually live (long)_____ than smokers.
5. Which is the (dangerous)_____ animal in the world?
6. A holiday by the sea is (good) _____ than a holiday in the mountains.
- 7 It is strange but often a coke is (expensive)_____ than milk..
8. Who is the (rich)_____ woman on earth?
9. The weather this summer is even (bad)_____ than last summer.
- 10.He was the (clever)_____ thief of all.

III Fill in the comparison with *as ... as*.

- 1 John is (tall) _____ Glen.
- 2 Janet is (beautiful)_____ Jenifer.
- 3 You are (crazy)_____ my sister.
- 4 We can run (fast) _____ they can.
- 5 My mom is (not / strict)_____ your mum.
- 6 Your mobile phone is (not / trendy)_____ mine.
- 7 Matrix II was (not / interesting) _____ Matrix I.
- 8 This yoghurt (not / taste / good)_____the one I bought yesterday.
- 9 I can do (many / press-ups)_____ you.
- 10 I (not / earn / much / money)_____ you do.

Positive Form

Use the positive form of the adjective if the comparison contains one of the following expressions:

as ... as

Example: Jane is as tall as John.

not as ... as / not so ... as

Example: John is not as tall as Arnie.

Comparative Form and Superlative Form (more/most)

adjectives of three or more syllables (and two-syllable adjectives not ending in -y/-er)

	positive form	comparative form	superlative form
1.	difficult	more difficult	most difficult

Comparative Form and Superlative Form (irregular comparisons)

	positive form	comparative form	superlative form



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	good	better	best	
	bad / ill	worse	worst	
	little (amount)	less	least	
	little (size)	smaller	smallest	
	much / many	more	most	
	far (place + time)	further	furthest	
	far (place)	farther	farthest	
	late (time)	later	latest	
	late (order)	latter	last	
	near (place)	nearer	nearest	
	near (order)	-	next	
	old (people and things)	older	oldest	
	old (people)	elder	eldest	